

MATH 0033 - DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA

SECTION A						
1. Division:	Sciences & Mathe	matics				
2. Subject Code:	MATH					
3. Course Number:	0033					
4. Course Title:	DIFFERENTIAL E	QUATIONS AND LINEAR AL	GEBRA			
5. Semester of First Offering:	SUMMER 2015					
SECTION B General Course Information						
1.Units: 6.0	Variable Units: N/A	N N				
2.This Course is: Degree-A	Applicable Credit - Transfe	rable				
3A. Cross-List:	3B.	Formerly:				
Ocume Fernand and Duration						
Course Format and Duration		5. Standard Term Total Ser	weater Hause			
4. Standard Term Hours per Week Lecture/Discussion:	6	5. Standard Term Total Ser Lecture/Discussion:	108			
Lecture/Discussion.	0	Lecture/Discussion.	100			
Activity:		Activity:				
By Arrangement:	0	By Arrangement:	108			
Total Hours per Week:	6	Total Hours :	108			
6. Minimum hours per week of independent work done outside the class:			12			
Course Preparation - (Supplemental form B required)						
7a. Prerequisite(s): (Course and/or other preparation/experience that is <u>REQUIRED</u> to be completed previous to enrollment in						
this course.)	· · ·					
Operation of MATH 04 with						

Completion of MATH 31 with grade of "C" or better

7b. Co-requisite(s): (Courses and/or other preparation that is REQUIRED to be taken concurrently with this course.)

7c. Advisory: (MINIMUM preparation RECOMMENDED in order to be successful in this course. Also known as "Course Advisory".) Completion of MATH 32 with grade of "C" or better strongly recommended

Catalog Description And Other Catalog Information:

8. Repeatability: Not Repeatable

Please note: Repeatability does <u>not</u> refer to repeating courses because of substandard grades or a lapse of time since the student took the course. A course may be repeated <u>only</u> if the course content differs each time it is offered and the student who repeats it is gaining an expanded educational experience as stipulated in Title V.

□ Skills or proficiencies are enhanced by supervised repetition and practice within class periods.

- Active participatory experience in individual study or group assignments is the basic means by which learning objectives are attained.
- □ Course content differs each time it is offered.

Explanation for above repeatability selection:





Standard Grade 9a. Grading Option:

9b. Catalog Description:

First and second order ordinary differential equations, linear differential equations, numerical methods and series solutions, Laplace transforms, modeling and stability theory, systems of linear differential equations, matrices, determinants, vector spaces, linear transformations, orthogonality, eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

Course Outline Information

10. Student Performance Objectives: (Performance objectives for all credit courses must indicate that students will learn critical thinking and will be able to apply concepts at college level. Performance objectives must be related to items listed in Section 11.)

1. Create and analyze mathematical models using ordinary differential equations;

2. Verify solutions of differential equations;

3. Identify the type of a given differential equation and select and apply the appropriate analytical technique for finding the solution of first order and selected higher order ordinary differential equations;

4. Apply the existence and uniqueness theorems for ordinary differential equations;

5. Find power series solutions to ordinary differential equations including Frobenius solutions;

6. Determine the Laplace Transform and inverse Laplace Transform of functions and use to solve differential equations with initial value conditions;

7. Solve Linear Systems of ordinary differential equations;

8. Find solutions of systems of equations using various methods appropriate to lower division linear algebra;

9. Use bases and orthonormal bases to solve problems in linear algebra;

10. Find the dimension of spaces such as those associated with matrices and linear transformations:

11. Find eigenvalues and eigenvectors and use them in applications:

12. Prove basic results in linear algebra using appropriate proof-writing techniques such as linear independence of vectors; properties of subspaces; linearity, injectivity and surjectivity of functions; and properties of eigenvectors and eigenvalues;

13. Verify that the axioms of a vector space, subspace, and inner product are satisfied for a variety of sets including: n-dimensional space, polynomials, matrices, continuous and differentiable functions;

14. Examine Legendre and Bessel differential equations and their solutions;

15. Examine the phase plane for generating a qualitative representation of the solution to a system of nonlinear differential equations.

11. Course Content Outline: (Provides a comprehensive, sequential outline of the course content, including all major subject matter and the specific body of knowledge covered.)



1. First order differential equations including separable, homogeneous, exact, and linear;

2. Existence and uniqueness of solutions;

3. Applications of first order differential equations such as circuits, mixture problems, population modeling, orthogonal trajectories, and slope fields;

4. Second order and higher order linear differential equations;

5. Fundamental solutions, independence, Wronskian;

6. Nonhomogeneous equations;

7. Applications of higher order differential equations such as the harmonic oscillator and circuits;

8. Methods of solving differential equations including variation of parameters, Laplace transforms, and series solutions;

9. Systems of ordinary differential equations;

10. Techniques for solving systems of linear equations including Gaussian and Gauss-Jordan elimination and inverse matrices;

11. Matrix algebra, invertibility, and the transpose;

12. Relationship between coefficient matrix invertibility and solutions to a system of linear equations and the inverse matrices;

13. Special matrices: diagonal, triangular, and symmetric;

14. Determinants and their properties;

15. Vector algebra for Rn;

16. Real vector spaces and subspaces, linear independence, and basis and dimension of a vector space;

17. Matrix-generated spaces: row space, column space, null space, rank, nullity;

18. Change of basis;

19. Linear transformations, kernel and range, and inverse linear transformations;

20. Matrices of general linear transformations;

21. Eigenvalues, eigenvectors, eigenspace;

22. Diagonalization including orthogonal diagonalization of symmetric matrices;

23. Dot product, norm of a vector, angle between vectors, orthogonality of two vectors in Rn;

24. Orthogonal and orthonormal bases: Gram-Schmidt process;

25. Matrix exponential function for a system of differential equations;

26. Convolution integral;

27. Green's theorem;

28. Differential equations with forcing functions involving the unit step function and forcing functions involving the Dirac delta function;

29. Assess the need for the appropriate shifting theorems and apply when appropriate to solve a differential equation;

30. Cramer's rule;

31. Slope Fields including equilibrium solutions, Isoclines and concavity changes;

32. Inner Product Spaces including the norm of a vector and Cauchy-Schwarz Inequality;

33. Isomorphisms;

34. Quadratic and Jordan Canonical Forms;

35. Method of Undetermined Coefficients; and

36. LU Factorization.

12. Typical Out-of-Class Assignments: (Credit courses **require** two hours of independent work outside of class for each lecture hour, less lab/activity classes. List type of assignments including library assignments.)

a. Reading Assignments: (Submit at least 2 examples.)

Example 1: Read in the textbook about the axioms of a vector space. Come to class prepared to discuss the subtle nature of these axioms.

Example 2: Read in your textbook (and research online) slope fields of the form D(y)=f(x,y) including isoclines, equilibrium solutions, and concavity.



b. Writing, Problem Solving or Performance: (Submit at least 2 examples)

Example 1: Sketch the slope field and some representative solution curves for the differential equation D(y)=y(y-1).

Example 2: Use technology to graph the slope field and connect the solution with the algebraic calculations of isoclines, equilibrium solutions, and concavity.

c. Other (Term projects, research papers, porfolios, etc.)

13. Required Materials:

a. All textbooks, resources and other materials used in this course are college level?

☑ Yes

□ No

b. Representative college-level textbooks (for degree applicable courses) or other print materials:

Book 1:

Author:	Gilbert Strang
Title:	Differential Equations and Linear Algebra
Publisher:	Wellesley-Cambridge
Date of Publication:	2014
Edition:	First

c. Other materials and/or supplies required of students:

14.Check all Instructional methods used to present course content:

Lecture

- Activity
- Discussion Semminar
- Distance Education (requires supplemental form)
- ☐ Discussion Semminar ✓ Lab
- Work Experience
- Directed Study
- □ Tutoring

D Other:

Give detailed examples of teaching methodology that relate to the course performance objectives:

Example 1: The students and instructor will engage in interactive discussion concerning whether P3 with certain restrictions constitutes a vector space. This will be accomplished by measuring P3 with restrictions against the axioms that constitute a vector space.

Example 2: The instructor will direct the student to review power series representations of functions from the previous calculus course. The instructor will then guide the student to synthesize this background material to the power solution technique of solving differential equations.



15. Methods of Assessing Student Learning 15a. Methods of Evaluation:

	Essay Exam		Reports
\checkmark	Objective Exam	\checkmark	Problem Solving Exam
\checkmark	Projects		Skill Demonstration
M	Class Discussion	п	Other

15b. (All courses must provide for measurement of student performance in terms of stated student performance objectives, Area 10, and culminate in a formal recorded grade based on uniform standards. Submit at least 2 examples.)

Example 1 - Write the linear first order differential equation dy/dx + p(x)y = q(x) in the form Mdx + Ndy = 0 and use the techniques of solving an exact differential equation to find the proper integrating factor. What does this tell you about all linear first order differential equations?

Example 2: Prove that P3 is a vector space by verifying that the set P3 satisfies each of the axioms for a vector space. This problem is graded for completeness and accuracy. Students need to verify each of the ten vector space axioms.

SECTION C

1. Program Information:

- ☑ In an approved program
- Part of a new program
- □ Not part of an approved program
- 2. TOP Code Information

Program Title: Mathematics, General 170100

3. Course SAM Code:

- □ A Apprenticeship Course
- B Advanced Occupational
- C Clearly Occupational
- D Possibly Occupational
- E Non-Occupational

4. Faculty Minimum Qualifications/Degrees:

Mathematics

Comments:



SECTION D

General Education Information:

1. College Associate Degree GE Applicability:

Communication & Analytic Thinking

Matsu and Applicability:

B-4 Mathematics/Quantitative Reasoning

3. IGETC Applicability:

- 2: Mathematical Concepts & Quantitative Reasoning
- 4. CAN : MATH 910S Differential Equations and Linear Algebra

5. LDTP:

SECTION E

1. Articulation Information: (Required for Transferable Courses Only)

- CSU Transferable
- UC Transferable
- CSU/UC Major Requirement.

If CSU/UC major requirement, list campus and major. (Note: Must be lower division)

2. List at least one community college and its comparable course. If requesting CSU and/or UC transferability also list a CSU/UC campus and comparable lower division course

Allan Hancock College: MATH 184 Linear Algebra and Differential Equations Cal Poly Pomona: MAT 224 Elementary Linear Algebra and Differential Equations

San Jose State University: MATH 123 Differential Equations and Linear Algebra UC Berkeley: Math 54 Linear Algebra and Differential Equations



SECTION F

Planning and Resources: Please address the areas below:

1. Evidence of Need or Potential: recommendations of advisory committee, connection to existing or planned degrees/certificates, or regional/national developments, transfer university requirements.

Required for all math, physics, and engineering majors.

Transfer level math course.

Meets GE applicability for Math Competency and Communication and Analytical Thinking. Course includes all four math program SLO's (Equations and Expressions, Visual Models, Applied Problems, Communication).

2. Appropriateness to Mission: connection to basic skills, transfer, career technical education, or lifelong learning; relations

3. Place in Program/Department: relationship to student learning outcomes identified by program, connection to general education, or articulation with other institutions.

4. Availability of Faculty and Facilities: minimum qualifications to teach course, special training for instructors, or long-term physical impact of course.

All math faculty members meet the minimum qualifications to teach this course. No special training would be required.

No additional resources are needed since we have the classroom space and technology already available.

5. Potential Impact on Resources: impact on library, computer support, transportation, equipment, or other needs

SECTION G

1. Maximum Class Size (recommended): 35

2. If recommended class size is not standard, then provide rationale: