

Last Revised and Approved: 10/08/2012

MATH 0030 - ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY AND CALCULUS I						
SECTION A						
1. Division: 2. Subject Code: 3. Course Number: 4. Course Title: 5. Semester of First Offering:	Sciences & Mathem MATH 0030 ANALYTICAL GEON FALL 2013	atics METRY AND CALCULUS I				
SECTION B General Course In	nformation					
1.Units: N/A 2.This Course is: Degree-App 3A. Cross-List:	Variable Units: 4-5 blicable Credit - Transfera 3B. F	ble ormerly:				
Course Format and Duration						
Lab: Activity: By Arrangement:	- 5 - 5	5. Standard Term Total Ser Lecture/Discussion: Lab: Activity: By Arrangement: Total Hours:	mester Hours 72 - 90 72 - 90			
6. Minimum hours per week of independent work done outside the class: 8 - 10						
course.)	her preparation/experien	ades of "C" or better, or pla	e completed previous to enrollment in this cement by matriculation assessment process acurrently with this course.)			
7c. Advisory: (MINIMUM preparation F		r to be succesful in this co	urse. Also known as "Course Advisory".)			
	trefer to repeating course repeated <u>only</u> if the cours	e content differs each time	grades or a lapse of time since the student it is offered and the student who repeats it is			
Skills or proficiencies are enl	Skills or proficiencies are enhanced by supervised repetition and practice within class periods.					

□ Active participatory experience in individual study or group assignments is the basic means by which learning objectives are attained.

☐ Course content differs each time it is offered.

Explanation for above repeatability selection:



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9a. Grading Option: Standard Grade

9b. Catalog Description:

Introduction to differential and integral calculus. Content includes limits, continuity, differentiation and integration of algebraic, trigonometric, exponential, logarithmic and other transcendental functions; as well as application problems.

Course Outline Information

- 10. Student Performance Objectives: (Performance objectives for all credit courses must indicate that students will learn critical thinking and will be able to apply concepts at college level.Performance objectives must be related to items listed in Section 11.)
- 1. Evaluate the limit of a function using limit laws and L'Hospital's Rule;
- 2. determine whether or not a function is continuous at a point and on an interval;
- 3. calculate the derivative of algebraic, trigonometric, exponential, logarithmic, and other transcendental functions using derivates rules:
- 4. use the derivative in various applications, such as calculating velocity, acceleration, the slope of a tangent line, optimization, curve sketching, and related rates;
- 5. evaluate anti-derivatives and definite integrals using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus; and
- 6. demonstrate improved algebra and trigonometry skills by applying these skills to solve calculus problems.

11. Course Content Outline: (Provides a comprehensive, sequential outline of the course content, including all major subject matter and the specific body of knowledge covered.)



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- I. Review
- A. Algebra of Functions, Including Composition
- B. Graphing Functions, Including Shifting and Scaling
- C. Inverse Functions
- D. Exponential and Logarithmic Functions
- II. Limits and Rates of Change
- A. Discussion of the Tangent and Velocity Problems
- B. Limit of a Function
- C. Calculating Limits using Properties of Limits
- D. Formal Definition of a Limit and Delta-Epsilon Proofs
- E. Continuity
- F. Applications
- 1. Tangents
- 2. Velocities
- 3. Other
- III. Derivatives
- A. Definition of the Derivative of a Function
- B. Differentiation Formulas
- C. Derivatives of Functions
 - 1. Polynomials
 - 2. Exponential Functions
 - 3. Trigonometric Functions
 - 4. Inverse Trigonometric Functions
 - 5. Logarithmic Functions
- D. Chain Rule
- E. Implicit Differentiation
- F. Higher Order Derivatives
- G. Related Rates
- H. Differentials: Linear and Quadratic Approximations
- IV. Curve Sketching and Additional Applications
- A. Maximum and Minimum Values of a Function
- B. Mean Value Theorem
- C. Monotonic Functions and the First Derivative Test
- D. Concavity and Points of Inflection
- E. Limits at Infinity; Horizontal Asymptotes
- F. Curve Sketching
- G. Applied Maximum and Minimum Problems
- H. Indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's Rule
- I. Newton's Method
- J. Antiderivatives
- V. Integration
- A. Summation Notation
- B. Area under a Curve
- C. The Definite Integral
- D. Fundamental Theorem of Calculus



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		signments: (Credit courses r type of assignments includin	equire two hours of independent work outside of class for each lecture hour, g library assignments.)			
		ubmit at least 2 examples.) ne first and second derivative	of a function influence the graph of the function.			
Researc	n online the history o	of the development of calculu	s, including Newton and Leibniz.			
b. Writin	g, Problem Solving	or Performance: (Submit at	least 2 examples)			
1. Write	a report on the histo	rical and mathematical origin	s of l'Hospital's rule.			
	eading about Newto ng each approach.	n's and Leibniz's developme	nt of calculus, write a 3 - 5 paragraph essay comparing and			
c. Other (Term projects, research papers, porfolios, etc.)						
•	ired Materials: tbooks, resources a Yes No	and other materials used in	this course are college level?			
b. Repre	sentative college-le	vel textbooks (for degree a	oplicable courses) or other print materials:			
Title Pub Dat Edit	hor: e: disher: e of Publication: tion:	William Briggs & Lyle Coc Calculus, Early Transcen Addison-Wesley 2011 First	dentals			
c. Othe	r materials and/or s	upplies required of student	s:			
☑ Discussion Semminar ☐ Lab ☐		nar \square	urse content: Activity Distance Education (requires supplemental form) Work Experience Tutoring			
Give de	etailed examples of t	eaching methodology that re	elate to the course performance objectives:			

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Example 1- Interactive lecture format to develop the concept of what a derivative represents, given a variety of functions (e.g., rational, polynomial, trigonometric, exponential, logarithmic). To help students see the commonalities and differences between the derivatives of each type of function, the instructor will incorporate algebraic analysis through equations and visual analysis through graphing. Students will participate verbally and will work several examples.

Example 2- In class, small group collaborative learning activities will focus on applied physics problems involving derivatives. These will include analysis of velocity, acceleration, and other instantaneous rates of change. Students will practice reading problems, interpreting problems, and developing solutions with peers.

15. Methods of Assessing Student Learning 15a. Methods of Evaluation:						
[[☐ Essay Exam ☐ Objective Exam ☐ Projects ☐ Class Discussion	□ ☑ ☑ □	Reports Problem Solving Exam Skill Demonstration Other			
15b. (All courses must provide for measurement of student performance in terms of stated student performance objectives, Area 10, and culminate in a formal recorded grade based on uniform standards. Submit at least 2 examples.)						
1. A particle moves on a vertical line so that its coordinate at time t is $y = t^3 - 12t + 3$, for $t > 0$. Find the velocity and acceleration functions. When is the particle moving upwards and when is it moving downwards? Find the distance the particle moves in the time interval $t = 1$ to $t = 3$. This problem is graded for correct method and accuracy.						
2. Find an equation of the line through the point (3, 5) that cuts off the least area from the first quadrant. This problem is graded for method and accuracy.						
SECTI						
	ram Information:					
☑	In an approved program					
	Part of a new program					
	Not part of an approved program					
	Code Information					
	gram Title: Mathematics, General 1701	100				
	se SAM Code:					
	□ A - Apprenticeship Course					
	□ B - Advanced Occupational					
□ C - Clearly Occupational						
	□ D - Possibly Occupational					
V	E - Non-Occupational					
4. Faculty Minimum Qualifications/Degrees:						
Mathematics						
Comments:						

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SECTION D

General Education Information:

1. College Associate Degree GE Applicability:

Communication & Analytic Thinking

Mach Cosepa policyability:

Bhys/kathScrietics/Quantitative Reasoning

- 3. IGETC Applicability:
- 2: Mathematical Concepts & Quantitative Reasoning
- 4. CAN:
- 5. LDTP:

SECTION E

- 1. Articulation Information: (Required for Transferable Courses Only)
- ☑ CSU Transferable
- ☑ UC Transferable
- ☐ CSU/UC Major Requirement.

If CSU/UC major requirement, list campus and major. (Note: Must be lower division)

2. List at least one community college and its comparable course. If requesting CSU and/or UC transferability also list a CSU/UC campus and comparable lower division course

American River College: MATH 400 Calculus I

CSU Sacramento: MATH 30 Calculus I

UC Davis: MATH 21A Calculus



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SECTION F

Planning and Resources: Please address the areas below:

1. Evidence of Need or Potential: recommendations of advisory committee, connection to existing or planned degrees/certificates, or regional/national developments, transfer university requirements.

Required for all math, physics, and engineering majors.

- **2. Appropriateness to Mission:** connection to basic skills, transfer, career technical education, or lifelong learning; relationship Transfer-level math class.
- 3. Place in Program/Department: relationship to student learning outcomes identified by program, connection to general education, or articulation with other institutions.

Meets GE applicability for Math Competency and Communication and Analytical Thinking. Course includes all four math program SLO's. (Equations and Expressions, Visual Models, Applied Problems, Communication)

4. Availability of Faculty and Facilities: minimum qualifications to teach course, special training for instructors, or long-term physical impact of course.

All math faculty members meet the minimum qualifications to teach this course. No special training would be required.

5. Potential Impact on Resources: impact on library, computer support, transportation, equipment, or other needs
No additional resources are needed since we have the classroom space and technology already available.

SECTION G

- 1. Maximum Class Size (recommended):
- 35
- 2. If recommended class size is not standard, then provide rationale: